43492 to 43543—Continued.

43521 to 43523. Phaseolus calcaratus Roxb.

Rice bean.

An annual half-twining plant cultivated in Japan, China, India, etc., for its edible beans and as a forage and cover crop.

"Variety 2, race 1,"

43523. "Variety 2, race 2."

43522. "Variety 1. race 1."

43524. Phaseolus mungo L.

Urd.

"Variety 1."

A plant very similar to the mung bean (Phaseolus aureus), but of lower growth and more spreading. It is used like the mung bean, the seeds for human food and the straw for fodder. It is also used as a green-manure crop.

43525. Phaseolus radiatus L.

"Variety 2, subvariety (c)."

A leguminous plant, native to India, of which the mung bean (Phaseolus aureus) is thought to be a cultivated derivative.

43526. Phaseolus trilobatus (L.) Schreb.

(P. trilobus Ait.)

A trailing legume, native of India, the Malay Archipelago, and eastern Africa, allied to the mung and rice beans.

43527. PISUM ARVENSE L.

Field pea.

A angular-seeded pea, often placed as a variety of Pisum satirum, grown largely for forage and green manure.

43528. PISUM SATIVUM L.

Garden pea.

"B"

" A."

A strain that has proved valuable in Burma.

43529 to 43533. Soja max (L.) Piper. Soy bean.

(Glycine hispida Maxim.)

An important leguminous plant valuable for food and forage.

43529. "Variety 1, race 1."

43532. "Variety 2."

43530. "Variety 1, race 2." 43533. "Variety 3."

43531. "Variety 1, race 3."

43534. STIZOLOBIUM NIVEUM (Roxb.) Kuntze.

Lvon bean.

"Var. utilis. Race 1."

A climbing legume closely allied to the Florida velvet bean, but entirely devoid of stinging hairs. It is valued in India for its edible seeds.

43535. STIZOLOBIUM ATERRIMUM Piper and Tracy. Mauritius bean.

A leguminous forage plant related to the Florida velvet bean.

43536. STIZOLOBIUM VELUTINUM (Hassk.) Piper and Tracy.

"Race 2."

A species of velvet bean more or less extensively cultivated in Java.

43537. VICIA FABA L.

Broad bean.

"Variety 1."

This plant is grown largely for cattle feed in America, but the beans are extensively used for human food in other countries.